14.—Deaths and Rates per 100,000 Population according to the International Abbreviated List of 50 Causes 1954-56—concluded

International List No.		Cause of Death	Numbers of Deaths			Rates per 100,000 Population		
Abbre- viated List	Detailed List	Cause of Death	19541	1955	1956	19541	1955	1956
B23 B24 B25 B26	340 400-402 410-416 420-422	Non-meningococcal meningitis Rheumatic fever. Chronic rheumatic heart disease Arteriosclerotic and degenerative	273 202 1,584	259 151 1,455	242 110 1,448	1.8 1.3 10.4	1.6 1.0 9.3	1.5 0.7 9.0
B27 B28 B29	430–434 440–443 441–447	heart disease Other diseases of heart. Hypertension with heart disease Hypertension without mention of	33,810 1,860 4,043	35,501 1,924 4,055	36,576 1,913 4,038	222.9 12.3 26.7	$226.1 \\ 12.3 \\ 25.8$	227.4 11.9 25.1
B30 B31 B32 B33 B34 B35 B36	480-483 490-493 500-502 540, 550-553 560, 561, 570 543, 571, 572	heart. Influenza Pneumonia Bronchitis. Ulcer of stomach and duodenum. Appendicitis. Intestinal obstruction and hernia. Gastritis, duodenitis, enteritis and	972 518 4,391 551 749 211 804	1,037 808 4,785 545 727 213 823	959 612 5, 158 722 779 189 837	6.4 3.4 28.9 3.6 4.9 1.4 5.3	6.6 5.1 30.5 3.5 4.6 1.4 5.2	6.0 3 8 32 1 4.5 4.8 1.2 5.2
B37 B38 B39	581 590-594 610	colitis except diarrhœa of the newborn. Cirrhosis of liver Nephritis and nephrosis. Hyperplasia of prostate.	982 742 2,333 635	964 757 2,282 651	910 838 2,143 632	6.5 4.9 15.4 4.2	6.1 4.8 14.5 4.1	5 7 5 2 13.3 3.9
B40 { B41 B42	640-652, 660, 670-689 750-759 760-762	Complications of pregnancy, child- birth and the puerperium Congenital malformations Birth injuries, postnatal asphyxia	312 2,580	337 2,619	278 2,838	2.1 17.0	$\frac{2.1}{16.7}$	1.7 17.6
B43 B44	763-768 769-776	and atelectasis	2,893 626	3,027 667	3,192 713	19.0 4.1	19.3 4.2	19.8 4.4
B45	780-795	infancy and immaturity (un- qualified)	3,601	3,435	3,649	23.7	21.9	22.7
B46 BE47	Residual E810-E835 E800-E802	causes		1,894 10,086 3,042	1,813 10,489 3,559	12.4 65.3 18.9	12.1 64.3 19.4	11.3 65.2 22.1
BE48 { BE49 {	E840-E962 E963, E970-	All other accidents	5,513	5,808	5,712 1,226	36.3 7.3	37.0 7.0	35.5 7.6
BE49 }	E979 E964, E965 E980–E999	Homicide and operations of war	1,102 175	1,106 169	188	1.2	1.1	1.2
	T-300-T-333	Totals, All Causes	124,520	128,476	131,961	820.7	818.2	820.2

¹ Excludes the Yukon and Northwest Territories. ² Less than 0.1 per 100,000. ³ Includes Hodgkin's disease, leukæmia and aleukæmia. ⁴ Excludes Hodgkin's disease, leukæmia and aleukæmia.

Subsection 2.—Infant Mortality

Table 1, pp. 196-198, shows the striking improvement that has taken place in the rate of infant mortality during the past 35 years. Although 42,000 of the 1,330,000 children born in the years 1954-56 died, 81,700 others lived to their first birthday who would have died at the rate prevailing in the period 1926-30.

As illustrated in Table 15, mortality among male infants is 25 to 30 p.c. higher than that among females for Canada as a whole, with wider variations for the individual provinces. As pointed out earlier there were in the 1941-54 period between 1,052 and 1,067 males born to every 1,000 females born, but because male infant mortality is higher the excess of males is reduced drastically by the end of the first year. For example, in 1954-56 there were 683.247 male children born compared with 646,627 female children, an excess